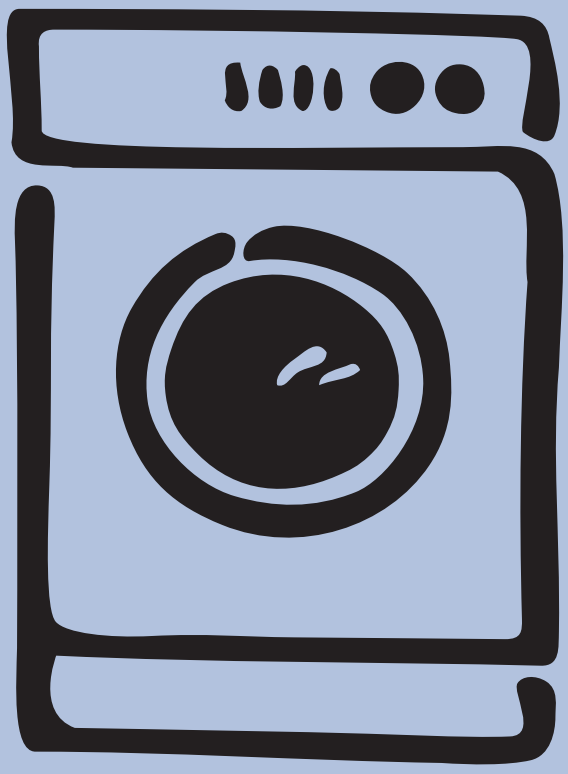
WASHING MACHINE

INSTRUCTION BOOKLET



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Electrolux

GB

Dear customer,

Please read these operating instructions carefully and pay particular attention to the safety notes indicated in the first pages. We recommend that you keep this instruction booklet for future reference and pass it on to any future owners.

Transport damages

When unpacking the appliance, check that it is not damaged. If in doubt, do not use it and contact the Service Centre.

Guide to use the Instruction Book

The following symbols will be found in the text to guide you throughout the instructions:

Safety instructions

Hints and tips

Environmental information

Our contribution to the protection of the environment: we use recycled paper.

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⚠ Warnings

The following warnings are provided in the interests of overall safety. You must read them carefully before installing or using the appliance.

General safety

- In the event of a fault, do not attempt to repair the appliance yourself. Repairs carried out by inexperienced persons may cause damage.
- If repairs are needed, contact an authorised service centre and ask for genuine spare parts.
- This appliance is designed to be used by adults. Children must not be allowed to touch the controls or play with the product.
- During high temperature wash cycles the glass door becomes very hot. Do not touch it.
- Pets sometimes climb into washing machines. Check the drum before each use.

Installation

- All internal packing must be removed before using the appliance. Serious damage may be caused to the machine or adjacent furniture if the protective transit devices are not removed or are not completely removed. Refer to the relevant paragraph in the instruction book.
- Any electrical work required to install this appliance must be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Any plumbing work required to install this appliance must be carried out by a qualified plumber.
- After having installed the machine, check that it is not standing on its electrical supply cable.
- If the appliance is placed on a carpeted floor, ensure that air can circulate freely between the adjustable feet and the floor.

Use

- This appliance is designed for domestic use. It must not be used for purposes other than those for which it was designed.
- Only wash fabrics which are designed to be machine washed. Follow the instructions on each garment label.
- Do not overload the appliance. Follow the instructions in the instruction book.
- Make sure that all pockets are empty. Objects such as coins, safety pins, pins and screws can cause extensive damage.
- Do not machine wash garments saturated with petroleum, methylated spirits, trichlorethylene, etc. If such fluids have been used to remove stains prior to washing, wait until they have completely evaporated from the fabric before placing garments in the appliance.
- Place small items such as socks, belts, etc. in a cloth bag or pillowcase to prevent them getting trapped between the drum and the tub.
- Use only the recommended quantities of fabric softener. An excessive amount could damage the laundry.
- Leave the porthole door slightly ajar when the appliance is not in use. This preserves the door seal and prevents the formation of musty smells.
- Always check that water has emptied out before opening the door. If not, drain the water following the instructions in the instruction book.
- Always unplug the appliance and shut the water tap after use.

Child safety

- Children are often not aware of the dangers of electrical appliances. When the machine is working, children should be carefully supervised and not allowed to play with the appliance.
- The packaging components (e.g. plastic film, polystyrene) can be dangerous to children - suffocation! Keep them out of children's reach.
- Keep all detergents in a safe place out of children's reach.
- When the appliance is to be scrapped, pull the plug out of the socket, cut off the electrical supply cable and destroy the plug with the remaining cable. Disable the door catch in order to prevent children from becoming trapped inside while playing.

Discarding

Packaging materials

The materials marked with the symbol ♺ are recyclable.

>PE< polyethylene

>PS< polystyrene

>PP< polypropylene

This means that they can be recycled by disposing of them properly in appropriate collection containers.

Machine

Use authorised disposal sites for your old appliance. Help to keep your country tidy!

Tips for environmental protection

To save water, energy and to help protect the environment, we recommend that you follow these tips:

- Normally soiled laundry may be washed without prewashing in order to save detergent, water and time (the environment is protected too!).
- The machine works more economically if it is fully loaded.
- When small loads are washed, use only half to two thirds of the recommended amount of detergent.
- With adequate pre-treatment, stains and limited soiling can be removed; the laundry can then be washed at a lower temperature.
- Measure out detergent according to the water hardness, the degree of soiling and the quantity of laundry being washed.

Technical specifications

DIMENSIONS	Height	85 cm
	Width	60 cm
	Depth	54 cm
MAXIMUM LOAD	Cotton	6 kg
	Synthetics, delicate fabrics	2 kg
	Woollens	1 kg
SPIN SPEED		1000 rpm max.
POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE/FREQUENCY		220-230V/50 Hz
TOTAL POWER ABSORBED		2200 W
MINIMUM FUSE PROTECTION		10 A
WATER PRESSURE	Minimum	5 N/cm^2
	Maximum	80 N/cm^2

CE This appliance complies with the following EEC Directives:
73/23/EEC of 19/02/73 relating to low voltage
89/336/EEC of 03/05/89 relating to electromagnetic compatibility

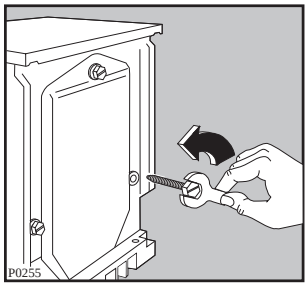
Installation

Transit devices

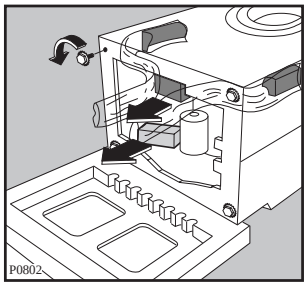
⚠ All transit bolts and packing must be removed before using the appliance.

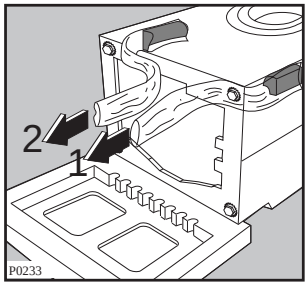
You are advised to keep all transit devices so that they can be refitted if the machine ever has to be transported again.

1. Using a spanner, unscrew and remove the rear right-hand bolt.
2. Lay the machine on its back, taking care not to squash the hoses. This can be avoided by placing one of the corner packing pieces between the machine and the floor.

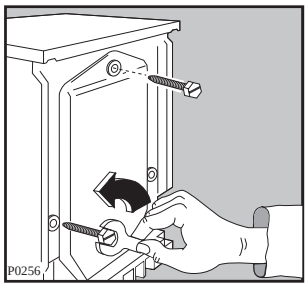


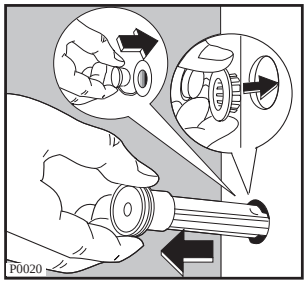
3. Remove the polystyrene blocks from the underside of the machine.
4. Release the two plastic bags by removing the adhesive strip.
   Carefully remove the right-hand bag (1) then the left-hand bag (2) by pulling them towards the centre of the machine.





5. Set the machine upright and remove the two remaining bolts from the back.
6. Pull out the three plastic pegs from the holes into which the bolts were fitted.
7. Plug the open holes with the plugs which you will find on the back of the machine.

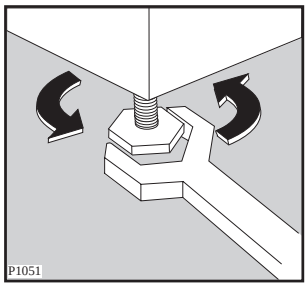




Positioning

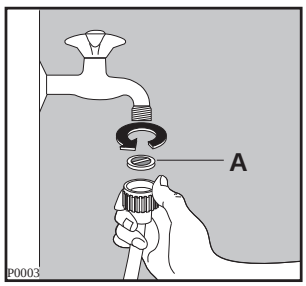
Install the machine on a flat hard floor.
Make sure that air circulation around the machine is not impeded by carpets, rugs etc. Check that the machine does not touch the wall or other kitchen units.

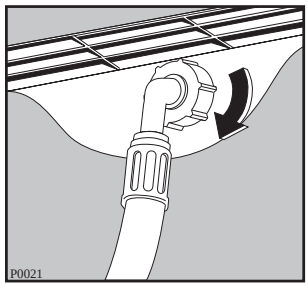
Carefully level by screwing the adjustable feet in or out. Never place cardboard, wood or similar materials under the machine to compensate for any unevenness in the floor.



Water inlet

Connect the water inlet hose to a tap with a 3/4" thread after having inserted the small filter “A” supplied with the machine.
The other end of the inlet hose which connects to the machine can be turned in any direction. Simply loosen the fitting, rotate the hose and retighten the fitting, making sure there are no water leaks.
The inlet hose must not be lengthened. If it is too short and you do not wish to move the tap, you will have to purchase a new, longer hose specially designed for this type of use.



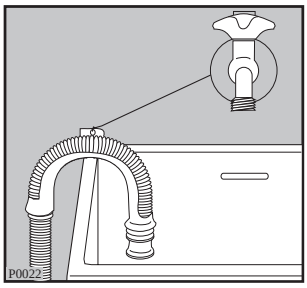


Water drainage

The end of the drain hose can be positioned in three ways:

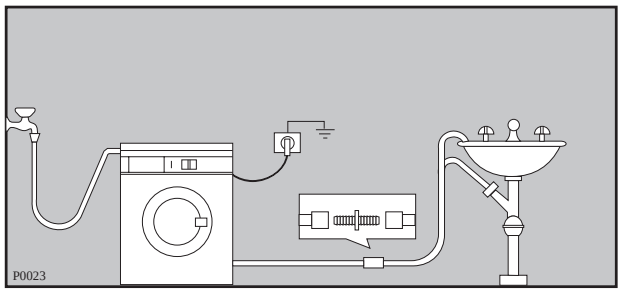
Hooked over the edge of a sink using the plastic hose guide supplied with the machine. In this case, make sure the end cannot come unhooked when the machine is emptying.

This could be done by tying it to the tap with a piece of string or attaching it to the wall.



In a sink drain pipe branch. This branch must be above the trap so that the bend is at least 60 cm above the ground.

Directly into a drain pipe at a height of not less than 60 cm and not more than 90 cm.



The end of the drain hose must always be **ventilated**, i.e. the inside diameter of the drain pipe must be larger than the outside diameter of the drain hose.

The drain hose must not be kinked. Run it along the floor; only the part near the drainage point must be raised.

Electrical connection

This machine is designed to operate on a 220-230 V, single-phase, 50 Hz supply.

Check that your domestic electrical installation can take the maximum load required (2.2 kW), also taking into account any other appliances in use.

Connect the machine to an earthed socket, in accordance with current wiring regulations.

⚠ The manufacturer declines any responsibility for damage or injury through failure to comply with the above safety precaution.

Should the appliance power supply cable need to be replaced, this should be carried out by our Service Centre.

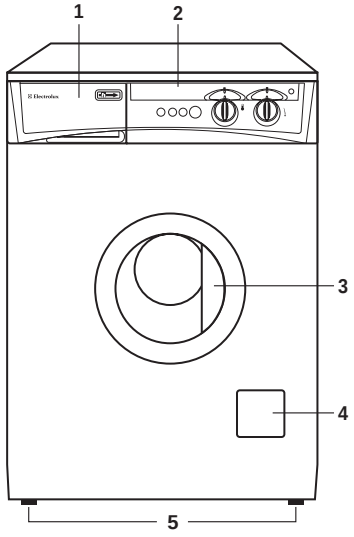
Your new washing machine

Your new washing machine meets all modern requirements for effective treatment of laundry with low water, energy and detergent consumption.

- The temperature selector dial allows you to choose the most suitable temperature for your laundry.
- Automatic cooling of the wash water to 60°C before draining, with the 95°C programmes.
  This reduces thermal shock to fabrics, helping to prevent creasing.
- The anti-unbalance device ensures that the washing machine remains stable when spinning.

Description of the appliance

1 Detergent dispenser drawer
2 Control panel
3 Door handle
4 Filter
5 Adjustable feet

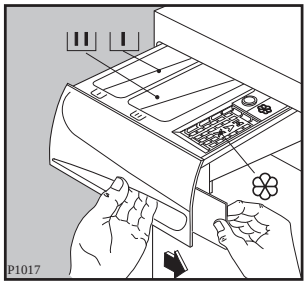


Detergent dispenser drawer

Prewash

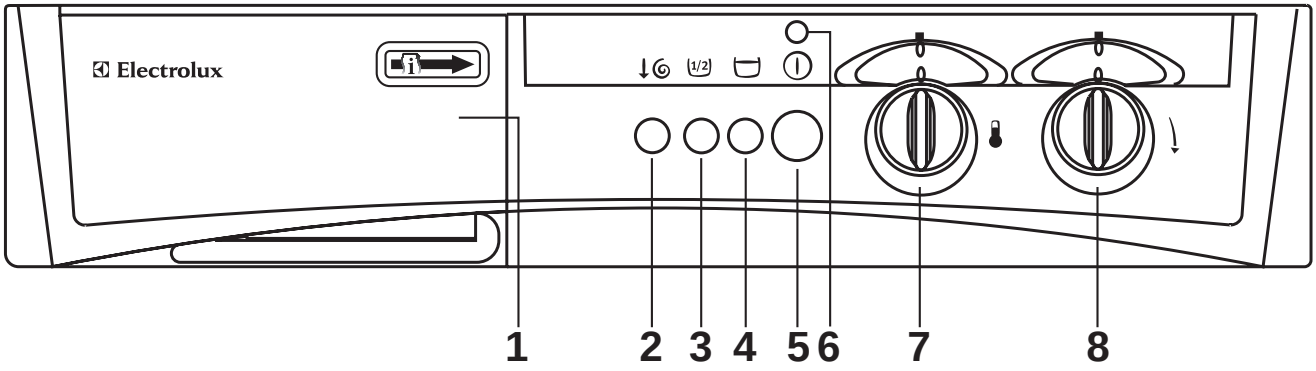
Main wash

Fabric softener



Use

Control panel



1 Programme chart

The programme chart in the interior part of the detergent dispenser drawer provides a general view of programmes available.

2 Spin reduction button

By pressing this button the spin speed is reduced as follows:

- **normal programmes** for cotton and linen from 1000 rpm to 600 rpm;
- **gentle programmes** from 750 rpm to 400 rpm

3 Half load button

Depress this button when washing a half load of cotton or linen items to reduce water consumption in the rinse cycle.

4 Anti-crease button

By pressing this button laundry remains in the water of the last rinse to prevent the formation of creases.

To drain water, press this button again (the laundry will be gently spun) or select drain programme **N**.

This option can be used only with gentle programmes for synthetics, delicates and wool.

5 ON/OFF button

By pressing this button the machine is switched on and off.

6 Control light

It is on when the machine is started and goes off at the end of the programme.

7 Temperature selector dial

By turning this dial to the right or to the left it is possible to select the desired temperature.

Position : the machine uses water taken directly from the water supply, without heating it.

8 Programme selector dial

By turning it **clockwise**, you choose the desired wash programme.

Important!

The programme selector dial must be turned only when the machine is off.

Washing hints

Sorting the laundry

- Follow the wash code symbols on each garment label and the manufacturer's washing instructions.
- Sort the laundry as follows:
  whites, coloureds, synthetics, delicates, woollens.
- Never wash whites and coloureds together.
  Whites may lose their "whiteness" in the wash.
- New coloured items may run in the first wash; they should therefore be washed separately the first time.
- **Make sure that no metal objects are left in the laundry (e.g. hair clips, safety pins, pins).**
- Button up pillowcases, close zip fasteners, hooks and poppers. Tie any belts or long tapes.
- Remove persistent stains before washing. Rub particularly soiled areas with a special detergent or detergent paste.
- Treat curtains with special care. Remove hooks or tie them up in a bag or net.

Temperatures

60°-95°	for normally soiled white cottons and linen (e.g. tea cloths, towels, tablecloths, sheets...)
60°	for normally soiled, colour fast garments (e.g. shirts, night dresses, pyjamas....) in linen, cotton or synthetic fibres and for lightly soiled white cotton (e.g. underwear).
✳ **(cold)** **30°-40°**	for delicate items (e.g. net curtains), mixed laundry including synthetic fibres and woollens bearing the label «pure new wool, machine washable, non-shrink».

Maximum loads

Recommended loads are indicated in the programme charts.

General rules:

Cotton, linen: drum full but not too tightly packed;

Synthetics: drum no more than half full;

Delicate fabrics and woollens: drum no more than one third full.

Washing a maximum load makes the most efficient use of water and energy.

For heavily soiled laundry, reduce the load size.

Laundry weights

The following weights are indicative:

Bathrobe	1200 g
Napkin	100 g
Quilt cover	700 g
Sheet	500 g
Pillow case	200 g
Tablecloth	250 g
Towelling towel	200 g
Tea cloth	100 g
Night dress	200 g
Ladies' briefs	100 g
Man's work shirt	600 g
Man's shirt	200 g
Man's pyjamas	500 g
Blouse	100 g
Men's underpants	100 g

Removing stains

Stubborn stains may not be removed by just water and detergent. It is therefore advisable to treat them prior to washing.

Blood: treat fresh stains with cold water. For dried stains, soak overnight in water with a special detergent then rub in the soap and water.

Oil based paint: moisten with benzine stain remover, lay the garment on a soft cloth and dab the stain; treat several times.

Dried grease stains: moisten with turpentine, lay the garment on a soft surface and dab the stain with the fingertips and a cotton cloth.

Rust: oxalic acid dissolved in hot water or a rust removing product used cold. Be careful with rust stains which are not recent since the cellulose structure will already have been damaged and the fabric tends to hole.

Mould stains: treat with bleach, rinse well (whites and fast coloureds only).

Grass: soap lightly and treat with bleach (whites and fast coloureds only).

Ball point pen and glue: moisten with acetone (*), lay the garment on a soft cloth and dab the stain.

Lipstick: moisten with acetone as above, then treat stains with methylated spirits. Remove any residual marks from white fabrics with bleach.

Red wine: soak in water and detergent, rinse and treat with acetic or citric acid, then rinse. Treat any residual marks with bleach.

Ink: depending on the type of ink, moisten the fabric first with acetone (*), then with acetic acid; treat any residual marks on white fabrics with bleach and then rinse thoroughly.

Tar stains: first treat with stain remover, methylated spirits or benzine, then rub with detergent paste.

(*) do not use acetone on artificial silk.

Detergents and additives

Good washing results also depend on the choice of detergent and use of the correct quantities to avoid waste and protect the environment. Although biodegradable, detergents contain substances which, in large quantities, can upset the delicate balance of nature.

The choice of detergent will depend on the type of fabric (delicates, woollens, cottons, etc.), the colour, washing temperature and degree of soiling.

All commonly available washing machine detergents may be used in this appliance:

– powder detergents for all types of fabric;

– powder detergents for delicate fabrics (60°C max) and woollens;

– liquid detergents, preferably for low temperature wash programmes (60°C max) for all types of fabric, or special for woollens only.

The detergent and any additives must be placed in the appropriate compartments of the dispenser drawer before starting the wash programme.

If using concentrated powder or liquid detergents, a programme **without** prewash must be selected.

The washing machine incorporates a recirculation system which allows an optimal use of the concentrated detergent.

Pour liquid detergent into the dispenser drawer compartment marked **just before** starting the programme.

Any fabric softener or starching additives must be poured into the compartment marked before starting the wash programme.

Follow the product manufacturer's recommendations on quantities to use and **do not exceed the «MAX» mark in the detergent dispenser drawer.**

Quantity of detergent to be used

The type and quantity of detergent will depend on the type of fabric, load size, degree of soiling and hardness of the water used.

Water hardness is classified in so-called "degrees" of hardness. Information on hardness of the water in your area can be obtained from the relevant water supply company, or from your local authority.

Follow the product manufacturers' instructions on quantities to use.

Use less detergent if:

– you are washing a small load;

– the laundry is lightly soiled;

– large amounts of foam form during washing.

Degrees of water hardness

Level	Characteristic	Degrees	
		German °dH	French °T.H.
1	soft	0- 7	0-15
2	medium	8-14	16-25
3	hard	15-21	26-37
4	very hard	more than 21	more than 37

International wash code symbols

These symbols appear on fabric labels, in order to help you choose the best way to treat your laundry.

Energetic wash **Delicate wash**	 Max. wash temperature 95°C	 Max. wash temperature 60°C 	 Max. wash temperature 40°C 	 Max. wash temperature 30°C 	 Hand wash	 Do not wash at all

 Bleaching	 Bleach in cold water	 Do not bleach

 Ironing	 Hot iron max 200°C	 Warm iron max 150°C	 Lukewarm iron max 110°C	 Do not iron

 Dry cleaning	 Dry cleaning in all solvents	 Dry cleaning in perchlorethylene, petrol, pure alcohol, R 111 & R 113	 Dry cleaning in petrol, pure alcohol and R 113	 Do not dry clean

 Drying	 Flat	 On the line	 On clothes hanger	 high temperature low temperature Tumble dry	 Do not tumble dry

Operating sequence

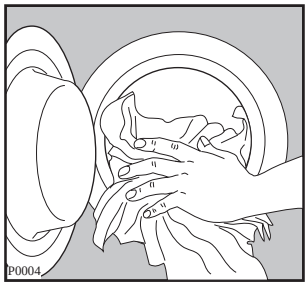
Before washing your first load of laundry, we recommend that you run a cotton cycle at 60°C, with the machine empty, in order to remove any manufacturing residue from the drum and tub.
Pour half a measure of detergent into the main wash compartment and start up the machine.

1. Place the laundry in the drum

Open the door.

Place the laundry in the drum, one item at a time, shaking them out as much as possible.

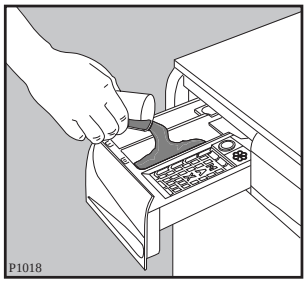
Close the door.



2. Measure out the detergent

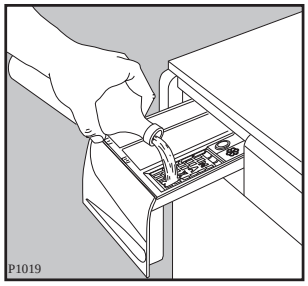
Pull out the dispenser drawer until it stops. Measure out the amount of detergent recommended by the manufacturer in a graduated cup and pour it into the main wash compartment II.

If you wish to carry out the prewash, pour detergent into the appropriate compartment marked I.



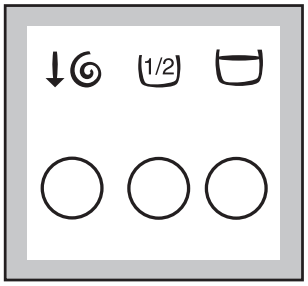
3. Measure out the additives

If required, pour fabric softener into the compartment marked ❀ **without exceeding the «MAX» mark**.



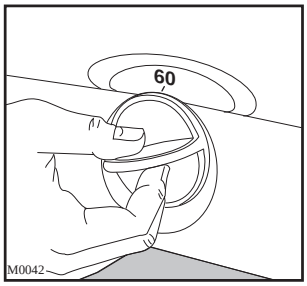
4. Select the required option(s)

Depress one or more buttons depending on the selected programme.



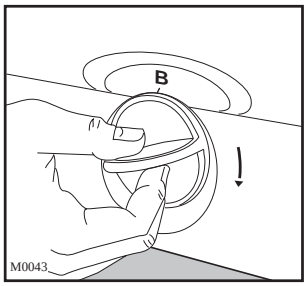
5. Select the temperature

Turn the temperature selector dial to the required temperature.



6. Select the required programme

Turn the programme selector dial **clockwise** to the required programme.

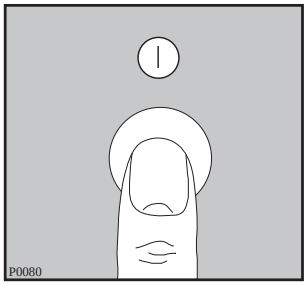


7. Start the machine

Before starting up the machine check that:

- the appliance is plugged in,
- the water supply tap is turned on,
- the drain hose is correctly and securely positioned,
- the door and the detergent dispenser drawer are closed.

Depress the ON/OFF button: the mains-on light will illuminate and the machine starts operating.



8. At the end of the programme

The machine stops automatically.The mains-on light goes out.

If you have depressed the ANTI-CREASE button, the machine will stop with the water of the last rinse left in the tub, to prevent the fabric from creasing. To drain the water and spin, release the same button. To drain only, select programme **N**.

The door is controlled by a safety device which releases 2 minutes after the end of the programme.

Switch the machine off by depressing the ON/OFF button again.

Remove the laundry.

Turn the drum by hand to make sure it is completely empty, so as to avoid any forgotten items being damaged in a subsequent wash (e.g. shrinking) or their colour running into a load of whites.

Release any buttons which have been pressed.

When the programme has finished you are advised to unplug the appliance and turn off the water tap.

Leave the door ajar to air the machine.

Programme table

Normal programmes for cotton and linen

Programme	Temperature	Fabric	Programme description	Additional function with buttons	Max. quantity of laundry
A	**60°-95°**	WHITES WITH PREWASH, i. e. highly soiled work shirts, sheets, tablecloths, under-wear, handtowels	Prewash Main wash at 60°-95°C 3 rinses Long spin		6 kg
B	**60°-95°**	WHITES WITHOUT PREWASH, i.e. normally soiled sheets, handtowels, kitchen towels, underwear	Main wash at 60°-95°C 3 rinses Long spin		6 kg
A	**40°-60°**	COLOUREDS WITH PREWASH i.e. highly soiled sheets, tablecloths, handtowels, kitchen towels	Prewash Main wash at 40°-60°C 3 rinses Long spin		6 kg
B	**40°-60°**	FAST COLOUREDS, linen or cotton items, sheets, table-cloths, towelling	Main wash at 40°-60°C 3 rinses Long spin		6 kg
C	**30°-40°**	NO-FAST COLOUREDS underwear, shirts, blouses	Main wash at 30°-40°C 3 rinses Long spin		6 kg
D **Rinses**	**COLD**	Additional rinses for handwashed garments	4 rinses Long spin		6 kg
F **Long spin**		Normal spin for handwashed laundry	Long spin		6 kg

Programme table

Gentle programmes for synthetics, delicates and woollens

Programme	Temperature	Fabric	Programme description	Additional function with buttons	Max. quantity of laundry
G	**40°-60°**	SYNTHETICS WITH PREWASH i.e. highly soiled shirts, blouses, underwear	Prewash Main wash at 40°-60°C 3 rinses Short spin		2 kg
H	**40°-60°**	SYNTHETICS WITHOUT PREWASH synthetics, under-wear, slightly soiled non-iron shirts	Main wash at 40°-60°C 3 rinses Short spin		2 kg
J	**30°-40°**	DELICATES for all delicate fabrics, i.e. curtains	Main wash at 30°-40°C 3 rinses Short spin		2 kg
K	**30°-40°**	WOOLLENS wash programme for woollens, for items with the wool symbol or with the label “does not felt” or “maschine washable”	Main wash at 30°-40°C 3 rinses Short spin		1 kg
L **Rinses**	**COLD**	Handwashed garments can be rinsed with this programme	3 rinses Short spin		2 kg
M **Short spin**		Separate spin for handwashed laundry	Water draining followed by a short spin		2 kg
N **Drain**		To drain the last rinse water on programmes with Anti-crease option	Water draining		2 kg

Maintenance

1. Bodywork

Clean the outside of the machine with warm water and a neutral, non-abrasive household detergent. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

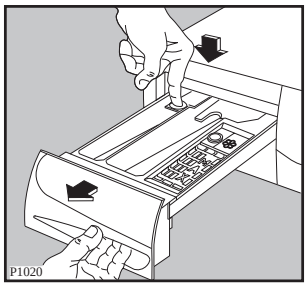
Important: do not use methylated spirits, solvents or similar products to clean the bodywork.

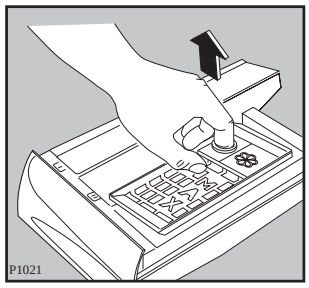
2. Detergent dispenser drawer

After a while, detergents and fabric softeners leave deposits in the drawer.

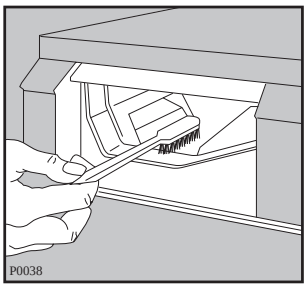
Clean the drawer from time to time by rinsing it under a running tap. To remove the drawer from the machine, press the button in the rear left-hand corner.

To facilitate cleaning, the top part of the additive compartments can be removed.





Detergent can also accumulate inside the drawer recess: clean it with an old toothbrush. Refit the drawer after cleaning.

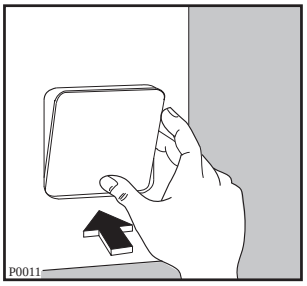


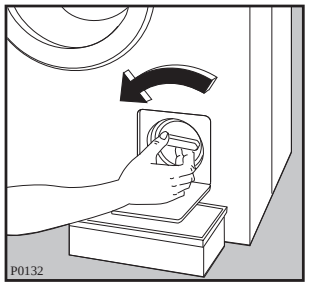
3. Drain filter

The drain filter collects threads and small objects inadvertently left in the laundry. Check regularly that the filter is clean.

Open the filter door.

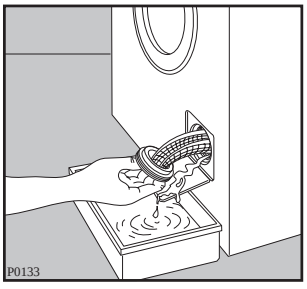
Place a container under the filter and unscrew it.

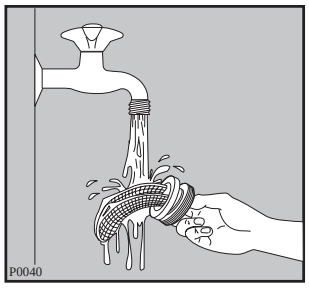




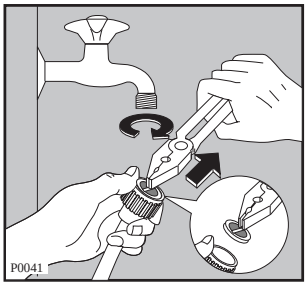
Pull out the filter.

Clean the filter under a running tap, then refit it, screwing it fully in.





4. Water inlet filter



If you notice that the machine is taking longer to fill, check that the filter in the water inlet hose is not blocked.

Turn off the water tap.

Unscrew the hose from the tap and remove the filter.

Clean it with a stiff brush.

Refit the filter and screw the hose back onto the tap.

5. Emergency emptying out

If the water is not discharged (outlet pump is blocked, filter or outlet hose are clogged), proceed as follows to empty out the machine:

- pull out the plug from the power socket;
- close the water tap;
- if necessary, wait until the water has cooled down;
- place a bowl on the floor;
- put the outlet hose end into the bowl and let the water come out.

Should it not be possible to have access to the outlet hose because, for example, the appliance is built in the kitchen furniture, slightly loosen the outlet filter after placing a bowl on the floor, to let the water come out slowly.

At the end screw the filter again.

6. Frost precautions

If the machine is installed in a place where the temperature could drop below 0°C, proceed as follows:

- Close the water tap and unscrew the water inlet hose from the tap.
- Place the end of the outlet hose and that of the inlet hose in a bowl placed on the floor.
- Select the draining programme **N** and run it until the machine stops.
- Switch the machine off.
- Remove the plug from the socket.
- Screw the water inlet hose back on and put the outlet hose back in its place.

By doing this, any water remaining in the machine is removed, avoiding the formation of ice and, consequently, breakage of the affected parts.

When you use the machine again, make sure that the ambient temperature is above 0°C.

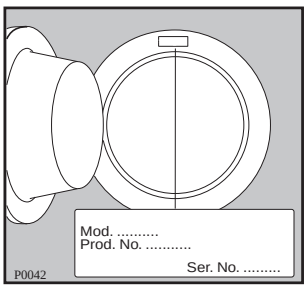
Something not working?

Problems which you can resolve yourself.

Problem	Possible cause
• The machine does not start up:	• Check that the door is firmly closed. • Check that the machine is plugged in and that there is power at the socket. • Check that the main fuse has not blown. • Check that the programme selector dial is positioned correctly. • Check that the ON/OFF button has been depressed.
• The machine does not fill:	• Check that the water tap is open. • Check that water is coming out of the tap. • Check that the inlet hose is not squashed or kinked. • Check that the filter in the inlet hose is not blocked. • Check that the door is closed.
• The machine fills then empties immediately:	• The end of the drain hose is too low. Refer to relevant paragraph in “water drainage” section.
• The machine does not empty and/or does not spin:	• Check that the drain hose is not squashed or kinked. • A gentle programme with the “Anticrease” option has been selected . • The filter is clogged. Clean it.
• There is water on the floor:	• Too much detergent or unsuitable detergent (creates too much foam) has been used. • Check whether there are any leaks from one of the inlet hose fittings. It is not always easy to see this as the water runs down the hose; check to see if it is damp. • Check that the drain hose is not damaged.
• The machine vibrates or is noisy:	• Check that all the transit bolts and packing have been removed. • Check that the machine is not resting against anything. • Check that the support feet are resting firmly on the ground. • Check that the laundry is evenly distributed in the drum. • Maybe there is very little laundry in the drum.

Problem	Possible cause
• The door will not open:	• The programme is still running. • The door lock has not been released.
• Spinning starts late or the machine does not spin:	• The electronic unbalance detection device has cut in because the laundry is not evenly distributed in the drum. The laundry is redistributed by reverse rotation of the drum. This may happen several times before the unbalance disappears and normal spinning can resume. If, after 5 minutes, the laundry is still not evenly distributed in the drum, the machine will not spin. In this case, redistribute the load manually and reselect the spin programme.
• The machine makes an unusual noise:	• The machine is fitted with a type of motor which makes an unusual noise compared with other traditional motors. This new motor ensures a softer start and more even distribution of the laundry in the drum when spinning, as well as increased stability of the machine.
• No water is visible in the drum:	• Machines based on modern technology operate very economically using very little water without affecting performance.
• Unsatisfactory washing results:	• Too little detergent or unsuitable detergent has been used. • Stubborn stains have not been treated prior to washing. • The correct temperature or programme was not selected. • Excessive laundry load.
• Detergent residue is left after the wash cycle:	• This is most problaby due to non soluble components contained in modern detergents. It is not a sign of inadequate rinsing. Brush or shake the garments and, if necessary, wash them again.
• Foam remains after the last rinse:	• Modern detergents can produce foam even after rinsing, but this will not affect the quality of the wash.

If you are unable to identify or solve the problem, contact our service centre. Before telephoning, make a note of the model, serial number and purchase date of your machine: the Service Centre will require this information.



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